# **EMS BREED CODING SYSTEM**

The FIFe's Easy Mind System (EMS) simplifies and replaces the combination of letters and numbers used to identify cats. Below is the coding as it applies to ACF recognised Breeds/Colours/Patterns.

the coding as it applies to ACF recognised B	recus, corours, raccerr	Sphynx	SPH
14.1 RECOGNISED BREEDS:  The first part of the EMS code, written in uppercase letters, denotes the breed. ## subject to change pending FIFe approval		Tonkinese	TOS
		Toyger TOY## <sup>202</sup>	
the breed. ## subject to change pending Fire app Group 1:	orovai	14.2 RECOGNISED COLO	JRS:
Aphrodite (longhair)	APL##	The second part of the EMS of	ode, which identifies a cat's colour, is
Aphrodite (shorthair)	APS##	always written in lower case letters.	
Birman (breed is actually 'Sacred Birman')	SBI	a = blue	
Exotic	EXO	b = chocolate	
Maine Coon	MCO	c = lilac	
Neva Masquerade	NEM	d = red	
Norwegian Forest	NFO	e = cream	
Ragdoll	RAG	f = black tortie <mark>#</mark>	
Persian	PER	g = blue tortie	
Siberian	SIB	h = chocolate tortie	
urkish Angora	TUA	j = lilac tortie	
Turkish Van	TUV	m = dilute modifier colour (D	
Group 2:		am = caramel (blue based)	
Balinese	BAL	cm = caramel (lilac based)	
Foreign White (shorthair)	SIA w 67	pm = caramel (fawn based)	
Foreign White (longhair)	BAL w 67	gm = caramel tortie (blue based)	
Oriental (shorthair)	OSH	jm = caramel tortie (lilac based) rm = caramel tortie (fawn based)	
Oriental (longhair)	OLH		
Peterbald	PEB	em = apricot (blue based*)	
Siamese	SIA	?m = apricot (lilac based) ?m — apricot (fawn based)	
Group 3:	A DV	n = black	ouseu)
Abyssinian	ABY	II – DIACK	'n' comes from the French noir,
American Curl (shorthair)	ACS		meaning black. Includes full
American Curl (longhair)	ACL AMS	o = cinnamon	expression Burmilla; seal (in
American Shorthair		p = fawn	Himalayan patterned cats), brown (in
Australian Mist	AUM BEN	q = cinnamon tortoiseshell	Bengal, Burmese, some Burmilla [n 31 and Tonkinese [n 32]) tawny (in
Bengal Rombay (Shorthair USA dorived)	BOM	r = fawn tortoiseshell	Abyssinian, Somali and Ocicat).
Bombay (Shorthair USA derived) British Shorthair	BSH <sup>201</sup>	s = silver	Abyssiman, soman and ocicat).
Burmilla Shorthair	BML	w = white	
Burmilla Longhair	BML81##	x = any unrecognised colour	
Burmese ('American' style)	BUA##	y = golden	
Burmese ('European' style)	BUR	nt = amber <i>(only NFO)</i>	
Chartreux	CHA	at = light amber (only NFO	
Cornish Rex	CRX	ft = amber tortie (only NFO)	
Cymric	CYM	gt = light amber tortie (only NFO)	
, Devon Rex	DRX	14.3 RECOGNISED PATTERNS	
gyptian Mau	MAU		
European Shorthair	EUR	The third part of the EMS code, which identifies a cat's pattern, is also written in lower case letters.	
German Rex	GRX	01 = van	
apanese Bobtail Shorthair	JBT	02 = harlequin (not an ACF pattern)	
apanese Bobtail Longhair	<i>JBT8</i> 1##	03 = bicolour	
Korat	KOR	03 = bicolodi 04 = mitted (only applicable to Ragdoll and Snowshoe##)	
aPerm Shorthair	LPS	05 = snowshoe (only applicable to Snowshoe)	
aPerm Longhair	LPL	09 = unspecified amount of white (eg: locket)	
ykoi	LYO	11 = shaded	
Mandalay	MDY##	12 = tipped (shell)	
Manx	MAN	21 = unspecified tabby pattern	
Dcicat	OCI	22 = classic (blotched) tabby	
Pixiebob (shorthair)	PXL##	23 = mackerel tabby	
Pixiebob (longhair)	PXS##	24 = spotted tabby	
Russian	RUS	25 = ticked tabby	
cottish Fold (shorthair)	SFS##	31 = Burmese pattern <i>(cbcb)</i>	
Scottish Fold (longhair)	SFL##	32 = Mink (FIFe 'Tonkinese') pattern (cbcs)	
Scottish Shorthair	SCS##	33 = Himalayan (pointed) pattern	
Scottish Longhair	SCL##	34 = Roan (amelanistic hair) only applicable to Lykoi)	
Selkirk Rex (shorthair)	SRS	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Selkirk Rex (longhair)	SRL	Note: Tonkinese: In ACF, we recognise this breed, whereas FIFe doe not and uses the breed name to indicate mink pattern in the breeds	
	CINI	·	
Singapura Snowshoe	SIN SNO	in which it occurs.	

 $<sup>^{201}</sup>$  2016: Amended Code for British Shorthair from BRI to BSH

Updated December 2018 Page 27

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>202</sup> 2018: Added Code for Toyger and Lykoi

## ACF (Inc.) Bylaws Part 2 - Breeding & Registration Rules

## **14.4 RECOGNISED EYE COLOURS**

The next element of the EMS code is a numerical designation for eye colour, which must be used with breeds that are judged in separate classes according to eye colour.

- 61 = blue eyed
- 62 = orange eyed
- 63 = odd eyed
- 64 = green
- 65 = Burmese eye colour
- 66 = Mink (Tonkinese cbcs) eye colour
- 67 = Siamese eye colour

#### 14.5 BREED SPECIFIC CODES

These codes have been developed for breeds that have particular characteristics:

#### **Tail Codes**

Codes that apply to only the Manx and its longhaired counterpart, the Cymric to indicate the amount of tail.

- $51 = \text{rumpy} (no \ tail)$
- 52 = rumpy riser (a tiny rise in the bone at the end of the spine)
- 53 = stumpy (a rudimentary tail not longer than 3-4 cm [1.2 to 1.6 inches])
- 54 = longie (a regular or near regular tail these cats are used for breeding but may not be shown)

#### **Ear Codes**

Codes that designate the ear type

The American Curl in both short and longhaired versions which although having a "curled ear" may produce straight eared offspring.

71 = straight ears

72 = curled ears

**NOTE:** The ear code is not applied to the Scottish Fold in both short and longhaired versions which may also produce straight eared offspring although it has a folded ear itself as ACF recognises the straight eared variety as a separate breed Scottish Shorthair/Longhair.

#### **Coat Codes:**

81 = LH (only applicable to PEB, BML & JBT##)

82 = SH (only applicable to PEB)

83 = Brush (only applicable to PEB)

84 – Straight (only applicable to LPS/LPL & SRS/SRL##)

## Toe code:

91 = Polydactyl (Pixiebob only) ##

Updated November 2018 Page 28

## 15. EMS USER GUIDE

As applicable to ACF recognised Breeds colours patterns. A grey background in the text is used to highlight examples.

#### General principles and restrictions

Please note the following general principles and restrictions:

- An asterisk [\*] stands for any information according to the EMS System.
- Individual EMS codes will always bu separated from other by a space unless indicated otherwise.
- Individual EMS codes are always shown in ascending order.
- If a breed is limited to only one specific occurrence of a trait, the code for this trait is never used in that full EMS code.

#### Breeds

The names of the breeds are always indicated in three capital letters.

PER

BRI

## Non-recognised breeds (non)

If the cat belongs to a non-recognised breed, always put 'non' after the breed code.

## AMW non (eg American Wirehair)

#### Non-recognised varieties (x)

If the cat belongs to a non-recognised variety, write an 'x' before the colour code.

MCO x am

## Colours (a, b, c, etc.)

The colour codes are always indicated in lower case letters

BRIa

NFO nt

Note: the codes for amber (\*t) are only applicable to NFO. If the cat's breed to limited to only one colour and the cat doesn't show any pattern, don't use any colour code.

# BOM (and not BOM n) Silver (s) / golden (y)

its main colour code.

If the cat shows silver or golden, it will always have a lower case 's' or 'y', which is, [except in the case of amber (\*t)], not separated by a space from

PER \*s

BRI \*v

The code for silver or for golden may not be used for hairless breeds (SPH & PEB), regardless of the cat's genotype.

## Dilute modifier (m)

The code for dilute modifier is not separated by a space from its main colour code.

## Amount of White (01-09)

If the cat shows an amount of white, write the code for that amount of white.

PER \*01

BRI \*03

Code 04 is only applicable to RAG Code 05 is only applicable to SNO If the cat's breed is limited to only one kind of white spotting, do not use any code.

TUV \* (and not TUV \* 01)

#### Tabby Patterns (11, 12, 21-25)

If the cat is agouti, the code for the pattern code must be indicated.

PER \*11

BRI \*22

If the cat's breed is limited to only one pattern, do not use any additional code for pattern

ABY n (and not ABY n 25)

Exception is

OCI \* 24

If the cat's breed is limited to only one colour/pattern, do not use any additional code for colour nor for pattern.

SIN (and not SIN n 25)

The tabby pattern for cats with an amount of white 03 or 09 must be identifiable (22-25) and the code 21 may not be used.

PER \* 03 22 (and not PER \* 03 21) CRX \* 09 24 (and not CRX \* 03 21)

Since it is often hard to determine the kind of tabby pattern, code 21 must always be used in case of:

Tabby pointed or hairless breeds
 RAG \* 04 21 (and not RAG \*04 22

SPH \* 03 21 (and not SPH \*03 24)

 Tabby cats with the amount of white 01, including tabby TUV

PER \* 01 21 (and not PER \*01 22) TUV \*21 (and not TUV \* 23)

The codes of 11, 12, & 22 to 25 may not be used here, regardless of the cat's genotype or phenotype.

# Pointed patterns (31-33)

If the cat is pointed, you must use the appropriate code

PER \* 33

SPH \* 32

If the cat's breed is limited to only one pointed variety, do not use any code for pointed

BUR \* (and not BUR \* 31)

SIA \* (and not SIA \* 33)

#### Tail (51-54)

These codes are only applicable to MAN and CYM.

Code 54 is a non-recognised variety for showing for MAN/ CYM.

MAN x \* 54

#### Eye Colour (61-67)

The code for eye colour must be used if:

- The cat is white (w); or
- The cat is non-pointed; and

has an amount of white (01)

PER \* 01 63

TUV \* 62

The code for eye colour also must be used for EXO, PER or BRI if;

- The cat is a silver tabby (\*\*s 2\*); and
- Its variety is not limited to one eye colour.

PER \* s 22 62, PER \* s 22 64

BRI \* 03 24 62, BRI \* s 03 24 64

The code for eye colour is <u>never</u> used if:

- The cats's breed is ABY, BEN, BML, OCI or SOM; or
- The cat's breed is limited to only one eye colour.

BUR \* (and not BUR \* 65)

RUS (and not RUS \* 64)

The exception is:

SIA/BAL w 67 (and not SIA/BAL w)

• The cat's variety is limited to only one eye colour.

PER \* 03 (and not PER \* 03 62

BRI a (and not BRI a 62

MAU ns 24 (and not MAU ns 24 64)

 The cat's breed EUR or its breed is judged in groups, always except for white (w) and nonpointed van (01) varieties

MCO n (and not MCO n 62)

NFO ns 22 (and not NFO ns 22 62)

• The exception is PEB (all coat types judged together).

## Ears (71-72)

These codes are applicable to ACS/ACL

Code 71 is for *non-recognised variety for showing* for ACS/ACL.

ACS x \* 71

## Coat Structure (81-84)

These codes for coat structure are only applicable to BML, JBT, SIA w 67, (81), PEB (81-83) LPS/LPL and SRS/SRL (84).

BML \* 81

PEB \* 82, PER \* 83, LPS \* 84

# Toe code (91)

This code is only applicable to Polydactyl PXS/PXL.

PXS \* 91

Updated November 2018 Page 29